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Geoscientific Single Hole Interpretation (GSHI) of KFR90 and KFR91

Anny Höglund
Svensk Kärnbränslehantering AB

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Abstract

This report presents the results from the geoscientific single hole interpretation (GSHI) of the core drilled boreholes KFR90 and KFR91.

Both of the boreholes were drilled in the SFR construction tunnel as a preparation for the excavation of the SFR facility.

The interpretation and identification of rock units (RU) and borehole deformation zones (BDZ) along the boreholes is based on the geological mapping of the cores and data from geophysical and hydrogeological measurements.

The number of rock units identified are 5 in KFR90 and 7 in KFR91. The number of borehole deformation zones identified are 5 in KFR90 and 4 in KFR91 with confidence levels varying from low (1) to high (3).

Sammanfattning

Denna rapport presenterar resultat från den geovetenskapliga enhålstolkningen (GSHI) av de kärnborrade borrhålen KFR90 och KFR91.

Båda hålen borrades i SFR:s byggtunnel inför utbyggnaden av SFR.

Tolkningen och identifieringen av bergenheter (RU) och borrhålsdeformationszoner (BDZ) längs borrhålen baseras på den geologiska karteringen av kärnorna samt data från geofysiska och hydrogeologiska undersökningar i borrhålen.

Antalet bergenheter identifierade är 5 respektive 7 i KFR90 och KFR91. Antalet borrhålsdeformationszoner identifierade är 5 i KFR90 och 4 i KFR 91, med en konfidens som varierar från låg (1) till hög (3).

Content

1	Introduction	3
2	Objectives and scope	5
3	Data used for the geoscientific single hole interpretation (GSHI).....	6
4	Execution of the geoscientific single hole interpretation.....	7
5	Results	8
5.1	KFR90.....	8
5.1.1	Rock units.....	8
5.1.2	Borehole deformation zone	9
5.2	KFR91.....	12
5.2.1	Rock units.....	12
5.2.2	Borehole deformation zones.....	13
	References	16
	Appendix 1	17
	Appendix 2	23
	Appendix 3	28
	Appendix 4	40

1 Introduction

Primary geological, geophysical and hydrogeological data stored in the SKB database SICADA need to be integrated and synthesized before they can be used for deterministic 3D geological modelling. The integrated synthesis is provided by the SKB method of geoscientific single hole interpretation (SKB MD 810.006), which aims to document all the rock units (RU) that exceed a minimum length of 5-10 m along the borehole, as well as the borehole deformation zones (BDZ) that are intersected by the borehole.

The identification of these geological features is carried out independently for each borehole, in connection with an analysis of base data and an inspection of the drill core. The end result of this procedure is an integrated series of different logs and accompanying descriptive documents.

This document reports the geological single hole interpretation of the cored boreholes KFR90 and KFR91 in the SFR construction tunnel. For borehole location within SFR see Figure 1-1.

This work was carried out in accordance with activity plan AP SFK-23-012 (in Swedish). The controlling documents related to this activity are listed in Table 1-1.

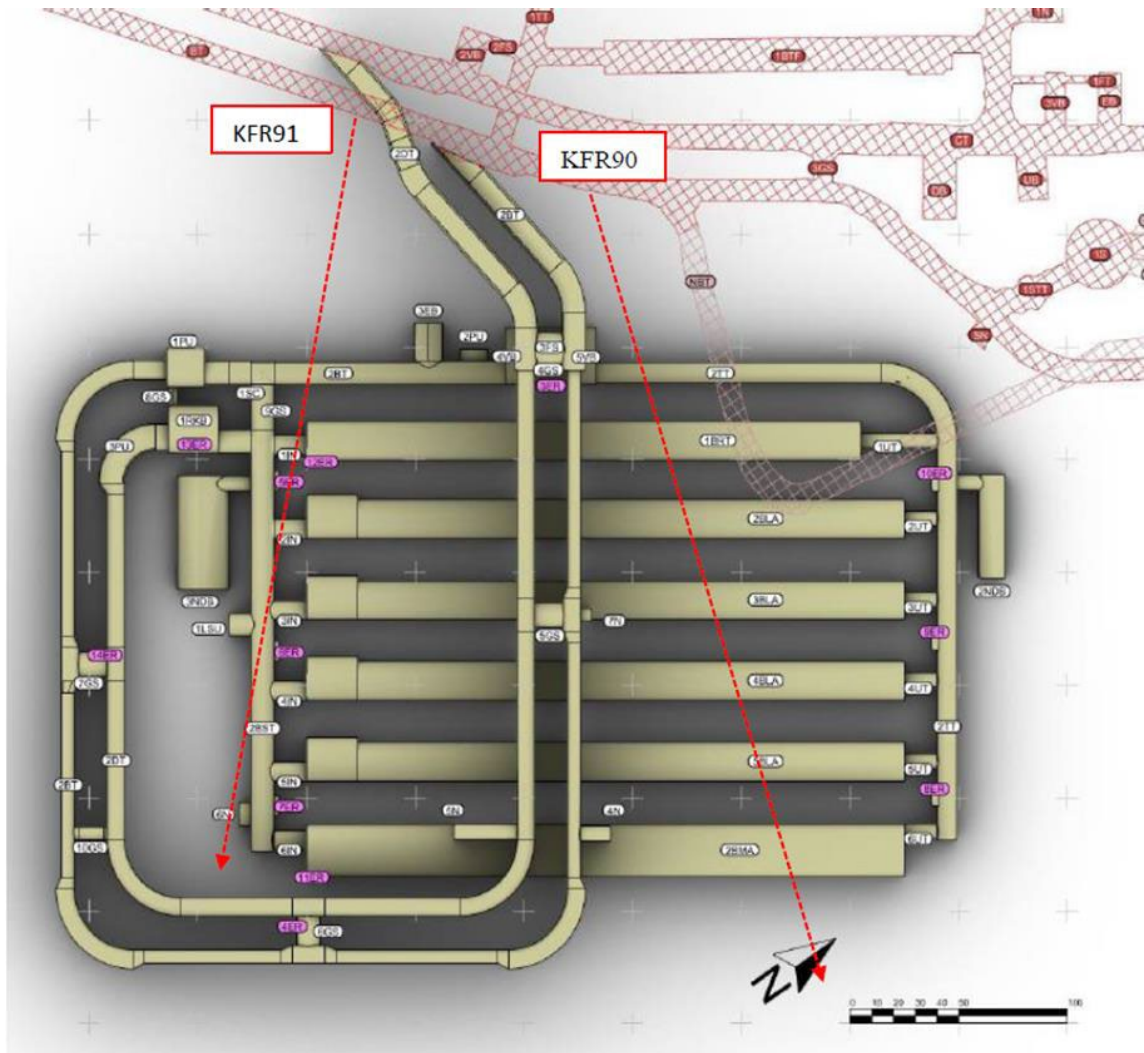


Figure 1-1. The position of KFR90 and KFR 91 in SFR.

Table 1-1 Controlling documents for this activity. Both the activity plan and the method description are SKBs internal controlling documents

Activity plan	Number	Version
Geovetenskaplig enhålstolkning (GSHI) av borrhål KFR90 och KFR91	AP SFK-23-012	1.0
Method descriptions	Number	Version
Metodbeskrivning för geovetenskaplig enhålstolkning	SKB MD 810.006	1.0

2 Objectives and scope

A geological single hole interpretation is carried out in order to merge sections of similar geological character into rock units (RU) and identify all borehole deformation zones (BDZ) within a borehole. The work involves an integrated interpretation of data from the geological borehole mapping and different geophysical and hydrogeological borehole logs. The end result is an integrated series of different logs and a brief description of the geological characteristics of each rock unit and borehole deformation zone.

The geological mapping of the cored borehole involves a documentation of the characteristics of the bedrock in the Boremap software, which combines drill core mapping with oriented imagery obtained by optical televiewer (OPTV) of the borehole wall.

Borehole logs used for the single hole interpretation are presented in a composite WellCAD plot. A more detailed description of the technique is provided in the method description for geoscientific single hole interpretation (SKB MD 810.006).

3 Data used for the geoscientific single hole interpretation (GSHI)

The material used as a basis for the geoscientific single hole interpretation was a WellCAD plot consisting of parameters obtained from the geological mapping and geophysical and hydrogeological measurements. The plot consists of several columns with multiple subordinate columns:

1. Depth (along the borehole)
2. Elevation (m.a.s.l.)
3. Rock type
 - a. Type
 - b. Occurrence
 - c. Structure
 - d. Texture
 - e. Alteration
 - f. Alteration intensity
 - g. Structure orientation
4. Fault rock
 - a. Fault rock
 - b. Fault rock orientation
5. Fractures
 - a. Open fractures
 - b. Open total (open fractures + crush)
 - c. Sealed fractures
 - d. Sealed total (sealed fractures + sealed networks)
 - e. Fractures total (all fractures)
 - f. Open aperture (aperture of open fractures)
 - g. Open width (width of open fractures)
 - h. Sealed width (width of sealed fractures)
 - i. Open, surface (orientation of open fractures and their surface roughness)
 - j. Sealed orientation
 - k. Crush
 - l. Core loss
 - m. RQD
 - n. Sealed network
6. Geophysics
 - a. Gamma
 - b. Caliper
 - c. Density
 - d. Resistivity
 - e. Magnetic susceptibility
 - f. Sonic full
7. Hydrology
 - a. PFL

For the full WellCAD plots used for the interpretation see Appendix 1 and Appendix 2.

4 Execution of the geoscientific single hole interpretation

The activity has been carried out by a multidisciplinary group consisting of geologists, hydrogeologists, geophysicists and rock mechanics, some of which also participated in the development of the source material. Over the course of two days the collected data was analysed along with inspection of the cores. Based on the group's collective knowledge and the SKB internal method description (SKB MD 810.006) the cores were divided into rock units and borehole deformation zones.

5 Results

5.1 KFR90

5.1.1 Rock units

Borehole	KFR90						
RU id	RU1a	RU2	RU3a	RU4	RU3b	RU1b	RU5
Sec_up	0	58	92	128	206	306	360
Sec_low	58	92	128	206	306	360	450,15
Rock Type 1	101061	101061	101061	101051	101061	101057	101057
Rock Type 2	101057	103076	101057	111058	111058	101061	101061
Rock Type 3	103076	101057	111058	101061	101051	102017	102017
Rock Type 4	102017	102017	-	-	101057	-	111058
Rock Type 5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Structure Type	Foliated	Foliated	Foliated	Foliated	Foliated	Foliated	Foliated
Structure Intensity	Medium	Faint	Weak	Faint	Faint	Medium	Medium
Est Open Fract Freq	Background level	Background level	Background level	Background level	Background level	Background level	Background level
Est Sealed Fract Freq	Slightly increased	Slightly increased	Background level	Slightly increased	Background level	Background level	Slightly increased
Alteration Type	Oxidation	Sericitization	Oxidation	Oxidation	Oxidation	Sericitization	Sericitization
Alteration Intensity	Weak	Faint	Medium	Faint	Faint	Faint	Medium
Confidence Level	High	High	High	High	High	High	High

The results are also visualized in a WellCAD plot in Appendix 3.

5.1.2 Borehole deformation zone

Borehole	KFR90				
BDZ id	BDZ01	BDZ02	BDZ03	BDZ04	BDZ05
Sec_up	17,5	108	159	177,5	309
Sec_low	33,5	112,5	173,5	193	317
Deformation Style	Brittle	Brittle	Brittle	Brittle	Brittle
Alteration Type 1	Oxidation	Oxidation	Oxidation	Oxidation	Oxidation
Alteration Intensity 1	Medium	Medium	Weak	Faint	Weak
Alteration Type 2	Argillization	Laumontization	Steatitization	-	Chloritization
Alteration Intensity 2	Medium	Medium	Weak	-	Medium
Alteration Type 3	Steatitization	-	Laumontization	-	Quartz dissolution
Alteration Intensity 3	Medium	-	Weak	-	Weak
Est Open Fract Freq	Increased	Slightly increased	Slightly increased	Background level	Increased
Est Sealed Fract Freq	Increased	Increased	Increased	Increased	Increased
Fracture Strike Set 1	NNW (325-355°)	NE (035-055°)	NNE (005-035°)	NW (305-325°)	NNW (325-355°)
Fracture Dip Set 1	Steeply dipping (70-90°)	Steeply dipping (70-90°)	Steeply dipping (70-90°)	Steeply dipping (70-90°)	Steeply dipping (70-90°)
Fracture Type Set 1	Open and sealed	Open and sealed	Open and sealed	Open and sealed	Open and sealed
Relative Intensity Set 1	70	100	80	60	60
Fracture Mineral Set 1: 1	Calcite	Calcite	Calcite	Laumontite	Calcite
Fracture Mineral Set 1: 2	Chlorite	Laumontite	Clay minerals	Calcite	Chlorite
Fracture Mineral Set 1: 3	Laumontite	-	Laumontite	-	Quartz
Fracture Surface Set 1	Smooth	Smooth	Smooth	Smooth	Smooth
Fracture Roughness Set 1	Undulating	-	Undulating	Undulating	Undulating
Fracture Strike Set 2	NE (035-055°)	-	NW (305-325°)	NE (035-055°)	NE (035-055°)
Fracture Dip Set 2	Steeply dipping (70-90°)	-	Steeply dipping (70-90°)	Steeply dipping (70-90°)	Steeply dipping (70-90°)
Fracture Type Set 2	Open and sealed	-	Open and sealed	Open and sealed	Open and sealed

Relative Intensity Set 2	30	-	20	30	40
Fracture Mineral Set 2: 1	Calcite	-	Laumontite	Laumontite	Calcite
Fracture Mineral Set 2: 2	Chlorite	-	Clay minerals	Calcite	Laumontite
Fracture Mineral Set 2: 3	Laumontite	-	Calcite	-	-
Fracture Surface Set 2	Smooth	-	Smooth	Smooth	Smooth
Fracture Roughness Set 2	Undulating	-	Undulating	Undulating	Undulating
Fracture Strike Set 3	-	-	-	SW (215-235°)	-
Fracture Dip Set 3	-	-	-	Gently dipping (0-45°)	-
Fracture Type Set 3	-	-	-	Open and sealed	-
Relative Intensity Set 3	-	-	-	10	-
Fracture Mineral Set 3: 1	-	-	-	Calcite	-
Fracture Mineral Set 3: 2	-	-	-	Clay minerals	-
Fracture Mineral Set 3: 3	-	-	-	-	-
Fracture Surface Set 3	-	-	-	-	-
Fracture Roughness Set 3	-	-	-	-	-
Fault Rock Type 1	Breccia	Breccia	Breccia	Breccia	Breccia
Fault Rock Type 2	Cataclasite	-	-	-	-
Rock Type 1	101057	111058	111058	101051	101057
Rock Type 2	101061	101061	101051	101061	102017
Focused Resistivity Anomaly	Strongly decreased	No significant change	Strongly decreased	Slightly decreased	Moderately decreased
P and S Wave Anomaly	Moderately decreased	No significant change	Slightly decreased	No significant change	Slightly decreased
Caliper Anomaly	Moderately increased	No significant change	No significant change	Slightly increased	No significant change
Fluid Temp Res Anomaly	-	-	-	-	-
Transmissivity Pfl	1,02E-08	3,28E-09	5,43E-09	2,03E-07	5,23E-08
Pumping Flow Rate	-	-	-	-	-
Transmissivity Pump Test	-	-	-	-	-

Confidence Level	High	Low	High	Medium	Medium
Core 1 Sec Up	27	-	-	-	-
Core 1 Sec Low	27,5	-	-	-	-
Core 2 Sec Up	30	-	-	-	-
Core 2 Sec Low	31	-	-	-	-
Core 3 Sec Up	-	-	-	-	-
Core 3 Sec Low	-	-	-	-	-
Comment	The focused resistivity decreased strongly around the zone cores. The caliper anomaly was in the form of occasional spikes.	All breccias belong to set 1	-	All breccias belong to fracture set 2. Lots of geophysical variation. The caliper anomaly was in the form of occasional spikes.	-

The results are also visualized in a WellCAD plot in Appendix 3.

5.2 KFR91

5.2.1 Rock units

Borehole	KFR91								
RU id	RU1	RU2	RU3	RU4	RU5a	RU6	RU5b	RU7	RU5c
Sec_up	0	40	54	123	180	208	248	280	300
Sec_low	40	54	123	180	208	248	280	300	340,11
Rock Type 1	101061	101061	101061	101061	101061	111058	101061	111058	101061
Rock Type 2	101057	103076	101051	101057	-	101061	101057	102017	-
Rock Type 3	-	-	-	102017	-	101057	111058	101057	-
Rock Type 4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	101061	-
Rock Type 5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Structure Type	Foliated	Foliated	Foliated	Foliated	Foliated	Lineated	Foliated	Foliated	Foliated
Structure Intensity	Weak	Medium	Faint	Weak	Faint	Faint	Faint	Faint	Faint
Est Open Fract Freq	Background level	Background level	Background level	Background level	Background level	Slightly increased	Background level	Background level	Background level
Est Sealed Fract Freq	Background level	Background level	Slightly increased	Background level	Background level	Slightly increased	Background level	Background level	Background level
Alteration Type	Oxidation	-	-	Chloritization	-	Oxidation	-	Oxidation	Oxidation
Alteration Intensity	Medium	-	-	Weak	-	Medium	-	Weak	Weak
Confidence Level	High	High	High	High	High	High	High	High	High

The results are also visualized in a WellCAD plot in Appendix 4.

5.2.2 Borehole deformation zones

Borehole	KFR91			
BDZ id	BDZ01	BDZ02	BDZ03	BDZ04
Sec_up	6,5	131,5	223	322
Sec_low	12	147	237	335
Deformation Style	Brittle	Brittle	Brittle	Brittle
Alteration Type 1	-	Chloritization	Steatitization	Oxidation
Alteration Intensity 1	-	Weak	Weak	Weak
Alteration Type 2	-	Steatitization	Carbonatization	Laumontization
Alteration Intensity 2	-	Faint	Strong	Strong
Alteration Type 3	-	-	Laumontization	-
Alteration Intensity 3	-	-	Weak	-
Est Open Fract Freq	Slightly increased	Increased	Slightly increased	Background level
Est Sealed Fract Freq	Slightly increased	Increased	Increased	Increased
Fracture Strike Set 1	NE (035-055°)	E (085-095°)	NNW (325-355°)	W (265-275°)
Fracture Dip Set 1	Steeply dipping (70-90°)	Moderately dipping (70-90°)	Steeply dipping (70-90°)	Steeply dipping (70-90°)
Fracture Type Set 1	Open and sealed	Open and sealed	Open and sealed	Open and sealed
Relative Intensity Set 1	100	70	80	100
Fracture Mineral Set 1: 1	Calcite	Calcite	Calcite	Chlorite
Fracture Mineral Set 1: 2	Chlorite	Chlorite	Laumontite	Laumontite
Fracture Mineral Set 1: 3	-	Muscovite	-	-
Fracture Surface Set 1	Rough	Smooth	Rough	Smooth
Fracture Roughness Set 1	Undulating	Undulating	Undulating	Undulating
Fracture Strike Set 2	-	N (355-005°)	NE (035-055°)	-
Fracture Dip Set 2	-	Steeply dipping (70-90°)	Steeply dipping (70-90°)	-

Fracture Type Set 2	-	Open and sealed	Open and sealed	-
Relative Intensity Set 2	-	20	20	-
Fracture Mineral Set 2: 1	-	Calcite	Calcite	-
Fracture Mineral Set 2: 2	-	-	-	-
Fracture Mineral Set 2: 3	-	-	-	-
Fracture Surface Set 2	-	Rough	Rough	-
Fracture Roughness Set 2	-	Undulating	Planar	-
Fracture Strike Set 3	-	SW (215-235°)	-	-
Fracture Dip Set 3	-	Steeply dipping (70-90°)	-	-
Fracture Type Set 3	-	Open and sealed	-	-
Relative Intensity Set 3	-	10	-	-
Fracture Mineral Set 3: 1	-	Calcite	-	-
Fracture Mineral Set 3: 2	-	Laumontite	-	-
Fracture Mineral Set 3: 3	-	Clay minerals	-	-
Fracture Surface Set 3	-	Rough	-	-
Fracture Roughness Set 3	-	Undulating	-	-
Fault Rock Type 1	-	Breccia	Breccia	Breccia
Fault Rock Type 2	-	-	-	-
Rock Type 1	101057	101061	101061	101061
Rock Type 2	101061	102017	111058	
Focused Resistivity Anomaly	N/A	Moderately decreased	Strongly decreased	Moderately decreased
P and S Wave Anomaly	No significant change	Moderately decreased	Strongly decreased	Slightly decreased
Caliper Anomaly	Slightly increased	Slightly increased	Slightly increased	Slightly decreased
Transmissivity Pfl	5,07E-07	8,40E-07	3,17E-06	2,06E-08
Pumping Flow Rate	-	-	-	-

Transmissivity Pump Test	-	-	-	-
Confidence Level	Low	Medium	High	Medium
Core 1 Sec Up	-	-	229,9	-
Core 1 Sec Low	-	-	230,7	-
Core 2 Sec Up	-	-	-	-
Core 2 Sec Low	-	-	-	-
Core 3 Sec Up	-	-	-	-
Core 3 Sec Low	-	-	-	-
Comment	Fracture set 1 includes one crush. The focused resistivity measurements started below this section so no value has been recorded.	Hydraulically conductive	Hydraulically conductive. Fracture set 1 includes one crush and most of the breccias.	-

The results are also visualized in a WellCAD plot in Appendix 4.

References

SKBdoc documents will be submitted upon request to document@skb.se.

SKB MD 810.006 Metodbeskrivning för geovetenskaplig enhålstolkning (GSHI). SKBdoc 2002226 ver 1.0, Svensk Kärnbränslehantering AB. (In Swedish)

Appendix 1

Borehole ID: KFR90
Diameter (mm): 76
Length (m): 450.15
Bearing (°): 114
Inclination (°): -4



- ROCK TYPE**
- Amfibolite
 - Pegmatite, pegmatitic granite
 - Granite, granodiorite and tonalite, metamorphic
 - Granite to granodiorite, metamorphic
 - Felsic to intermediate volcanic rock, metamorphic
 - Granite, fine- to medium-grained

- ROCK OCCURRENCE**
- Amfibolite
 - Pegmatite, pegmatitic granite
 - Granite, fine- to medium-grained
 - Quartz-dominated hydrothermal vein/segregation
 - Granite, granodiorite and tonalite, metamorphic
 - Granite to granodiorite, metamorphic,

- FAULT ROCK**
- Breccia
 - Cataclasite

- ROCK ALTERATION**
- Carbonatization
 - Argillization
 - Lamontization
 - Chloritization
 - Oxidation
 - Sericitization
 - Albitization
 - Steatitization

- ROCK STRUCTURE**
- Foliated
 - Lineated

- ROCK TEXTURE**
- Equigranular
 - Non-Equigranular
 - Porphyritic
 - Metamorphic

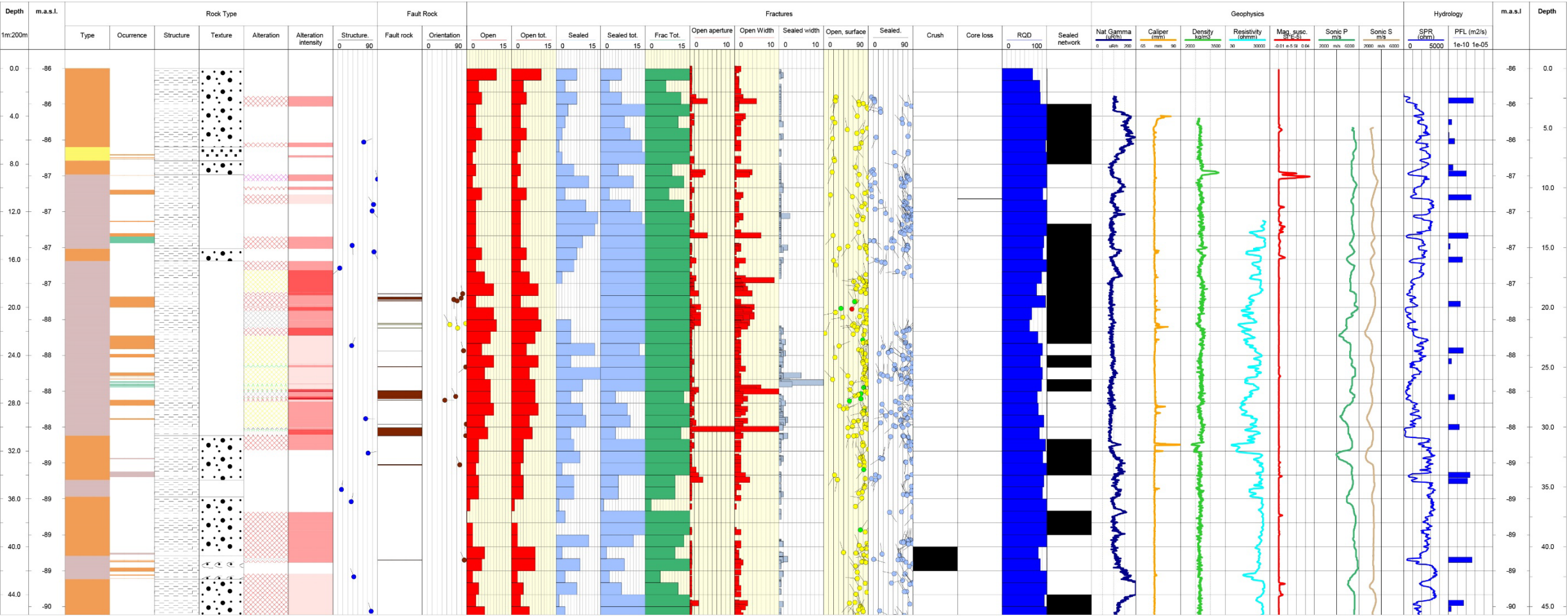
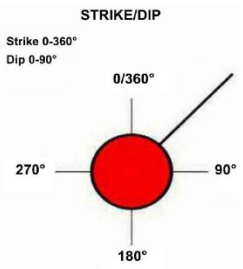
- ALTERATION INTENSITY**
- Strong
 - Medium
 - Weak
 - Faint

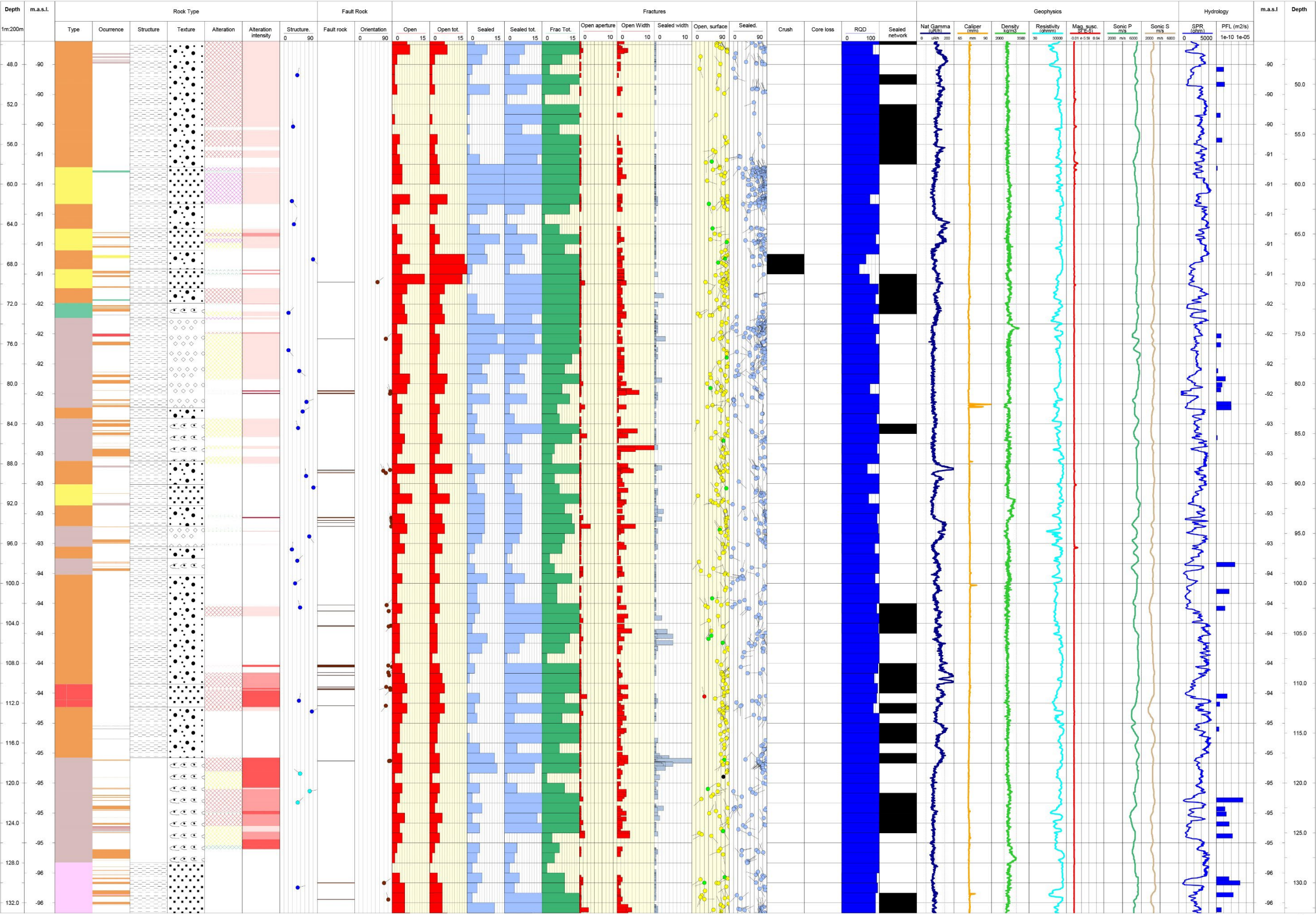
- STRUCTURE ORIENTATION**
- Lineated
 - Veined
 - Foliated

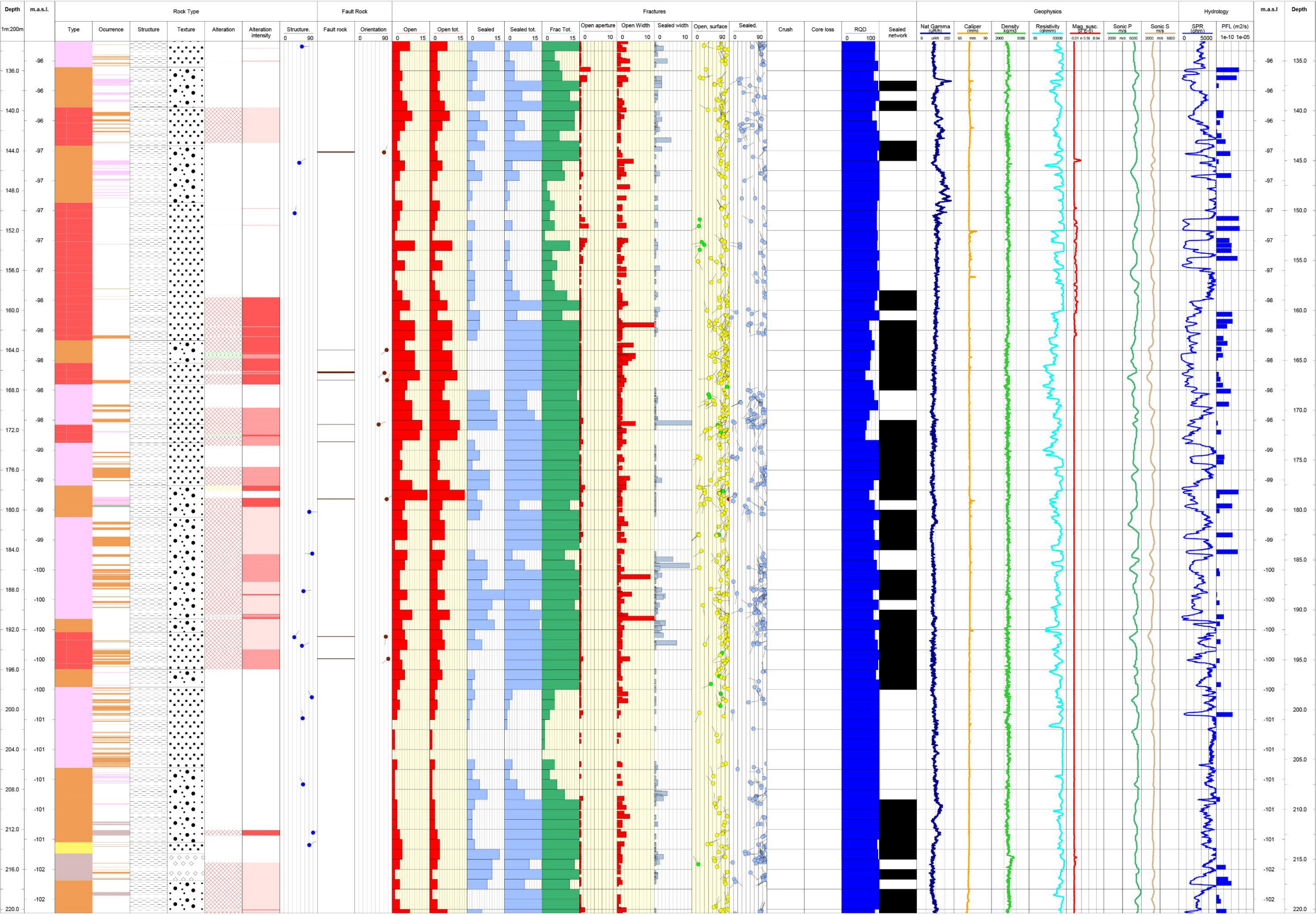
- FAULT ROCK ORIENTATION**
- Cataclasite
 - Breccia

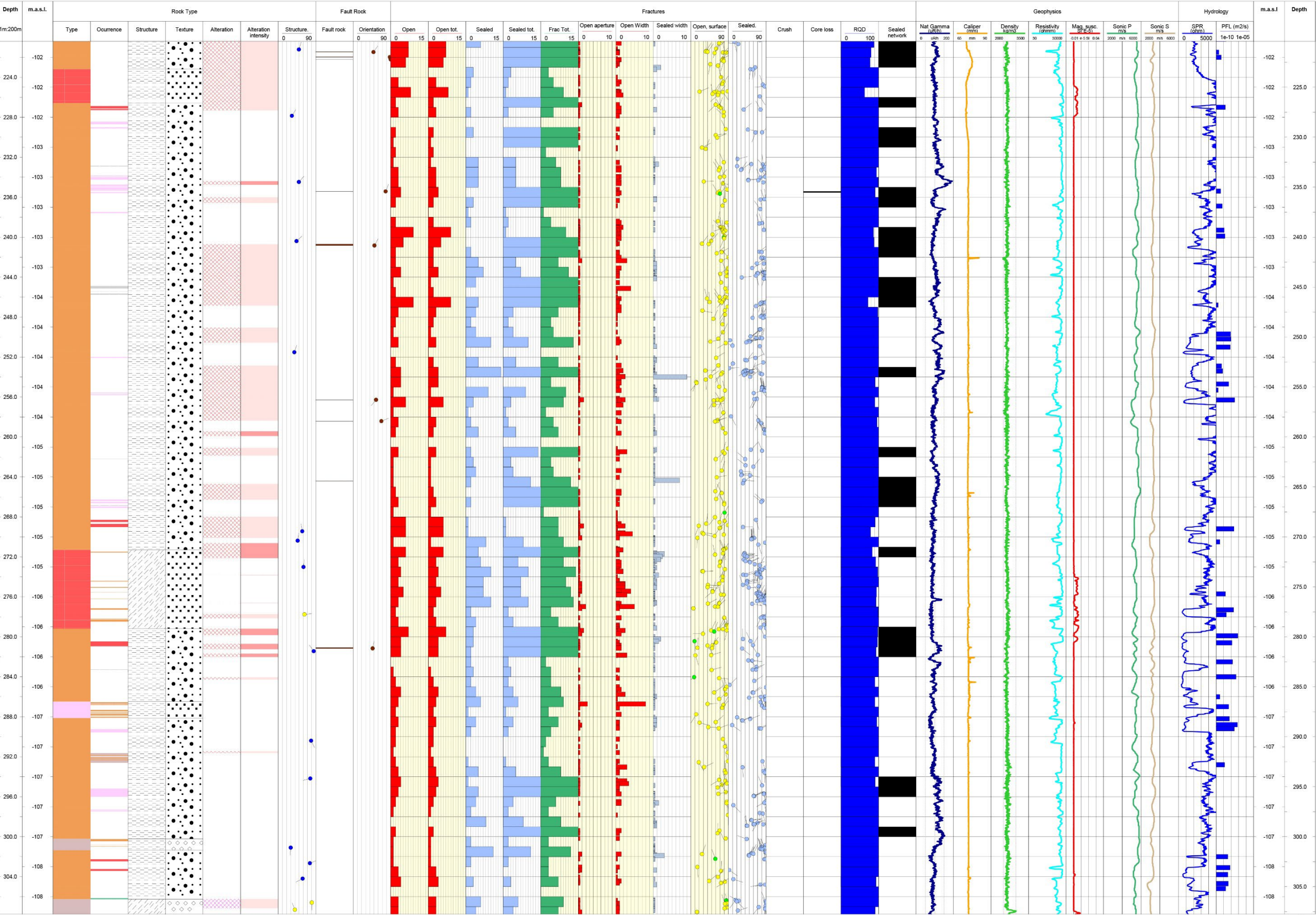
- OPEN FRACTURE ORIENTATION/ALTERATION**
- Rough
 - Smooth
 - Slickensided

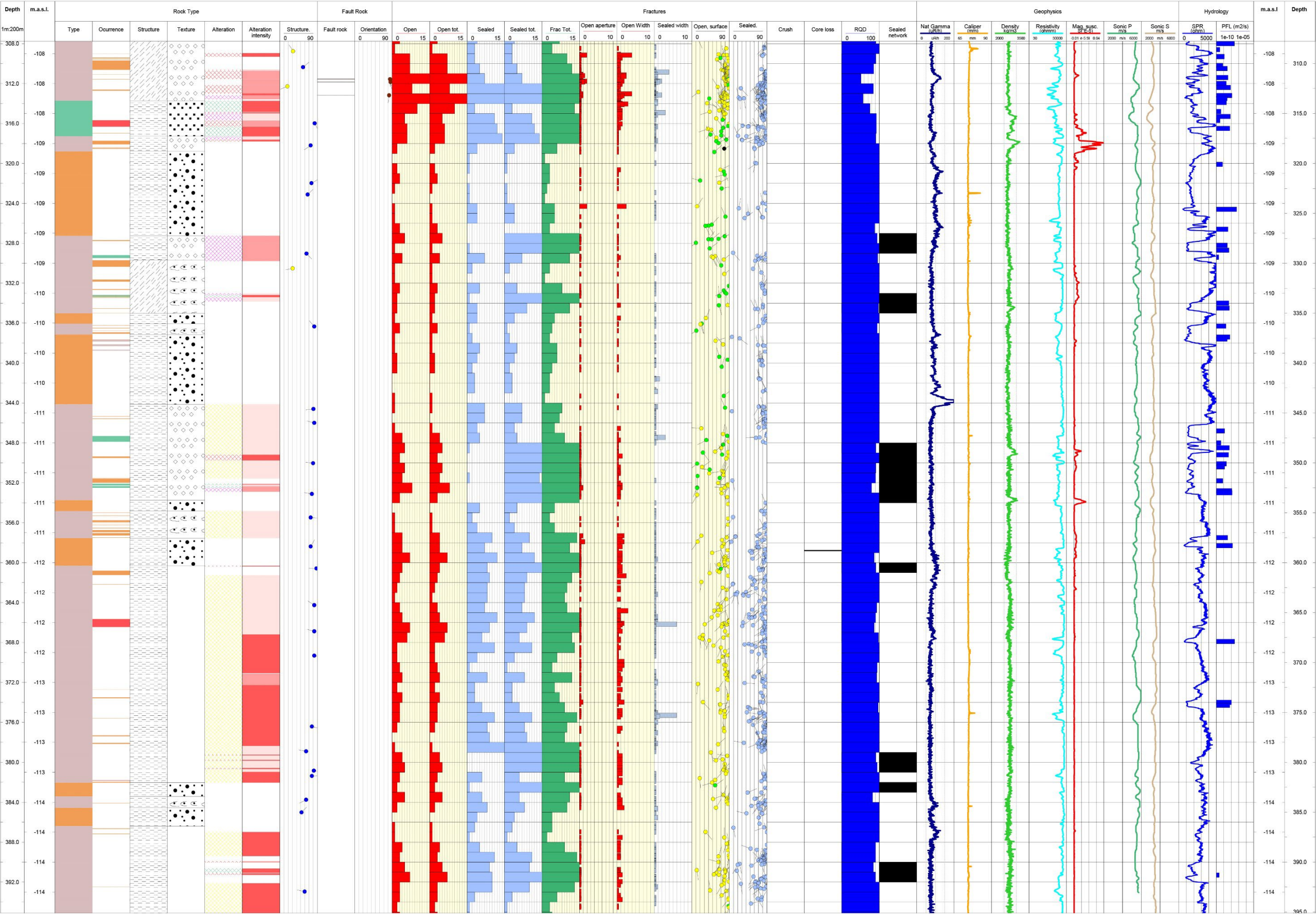
- SEALED ORIENTAION**
- Sealed

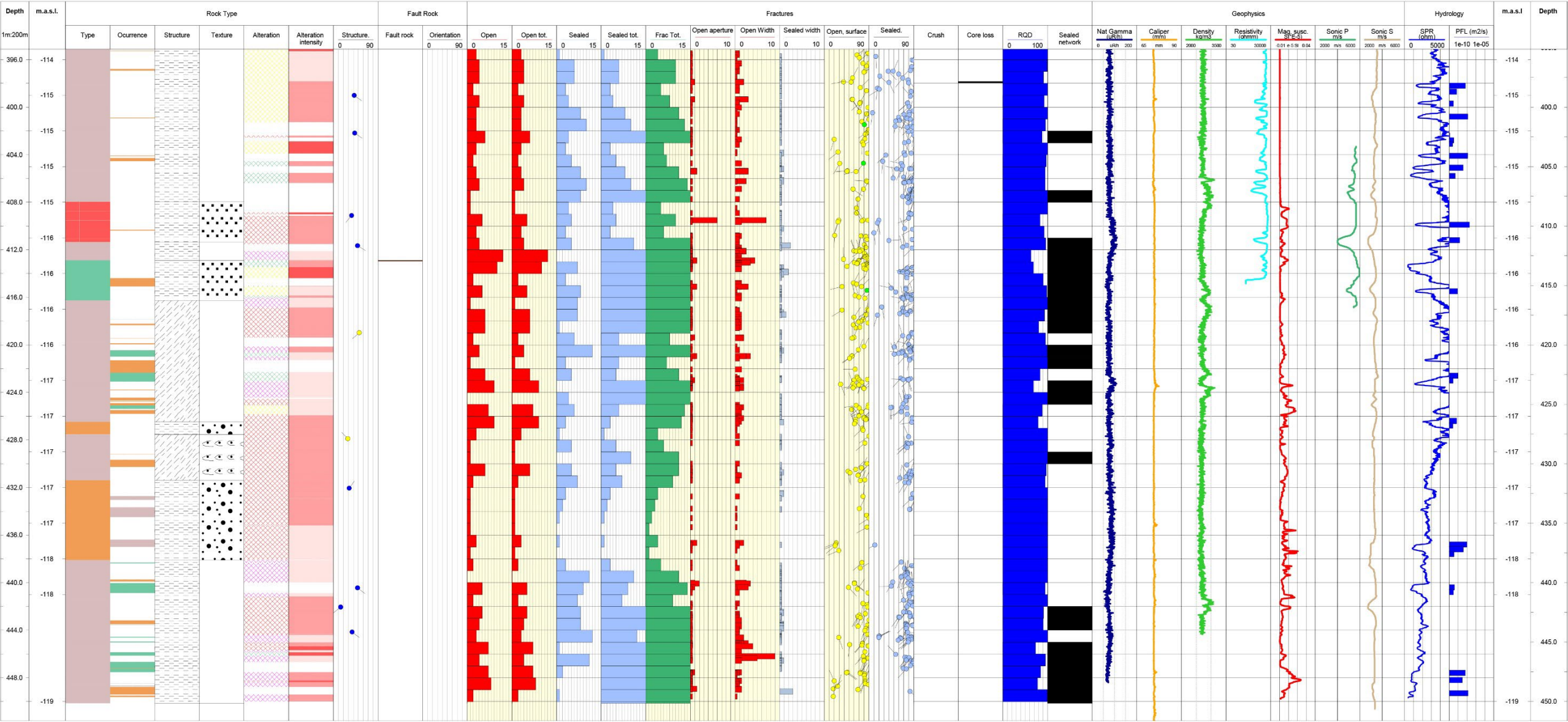












Appendix 2

Borehole ID: KFR91
Diameter (mm): 76
Length (m): 340.11
Bearing (°): 133
Inclination (°): -5

- ROCK TYPE
- Amfibolite
 - Pegmatite, pegmatitic granite
 - Granite, granodiorite and tonalite, metamorphic
 - Granite to granodiorite, metamorphic
 - Felsic to intermediate volcanic rock, metamorphic
 - Granite, fine- to medium-grained

- ROCK ALTERATION
- Carbonatization
 - Argillization
 - Lamontization
 - Chloritization
 - Oxidation
 - Sericitization
 - Albitization
 - Steatitization

- ALTERATION INTENSITY
- Strong
 - Medium
 - Weak
 - Faint

- OPEN FRACTURE ORIENTATION/ALTERATION
- Rough
 - Smooth
 - Slickensided

- ROCK OCCURRENCE
- Amfibolite
 - Pegmatite, pegmatitic granite
 - Granite, fine- to medium-grained
 - Quartz-dominated hydrothermal vein/segregation
 - Granite, granodiorite and tonalite, metamorphic
 - Granite to granodiorite, metamorphic,

- ROCK STRUCTURE
- Foliated
 - Lineated

- STRUCTURE ORIENTATION
- Foliated

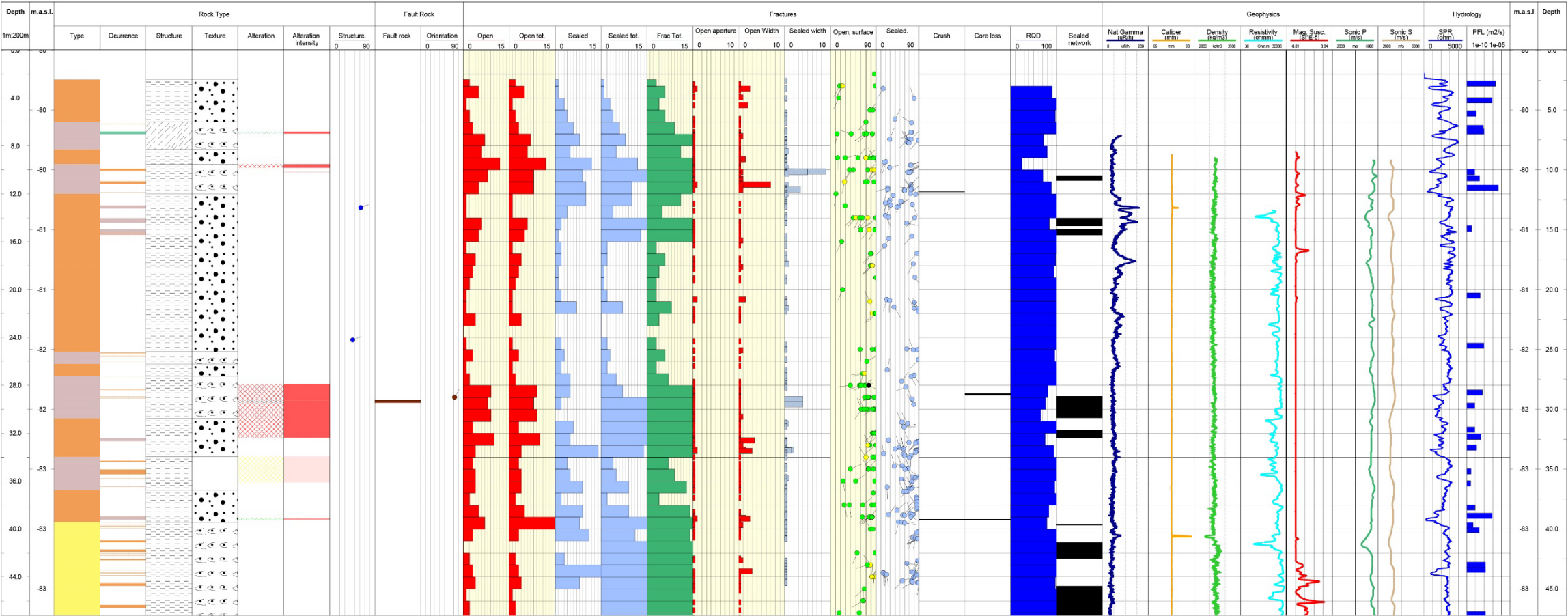
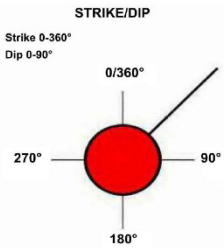
- SEALED ORIENTAION
- Sealed

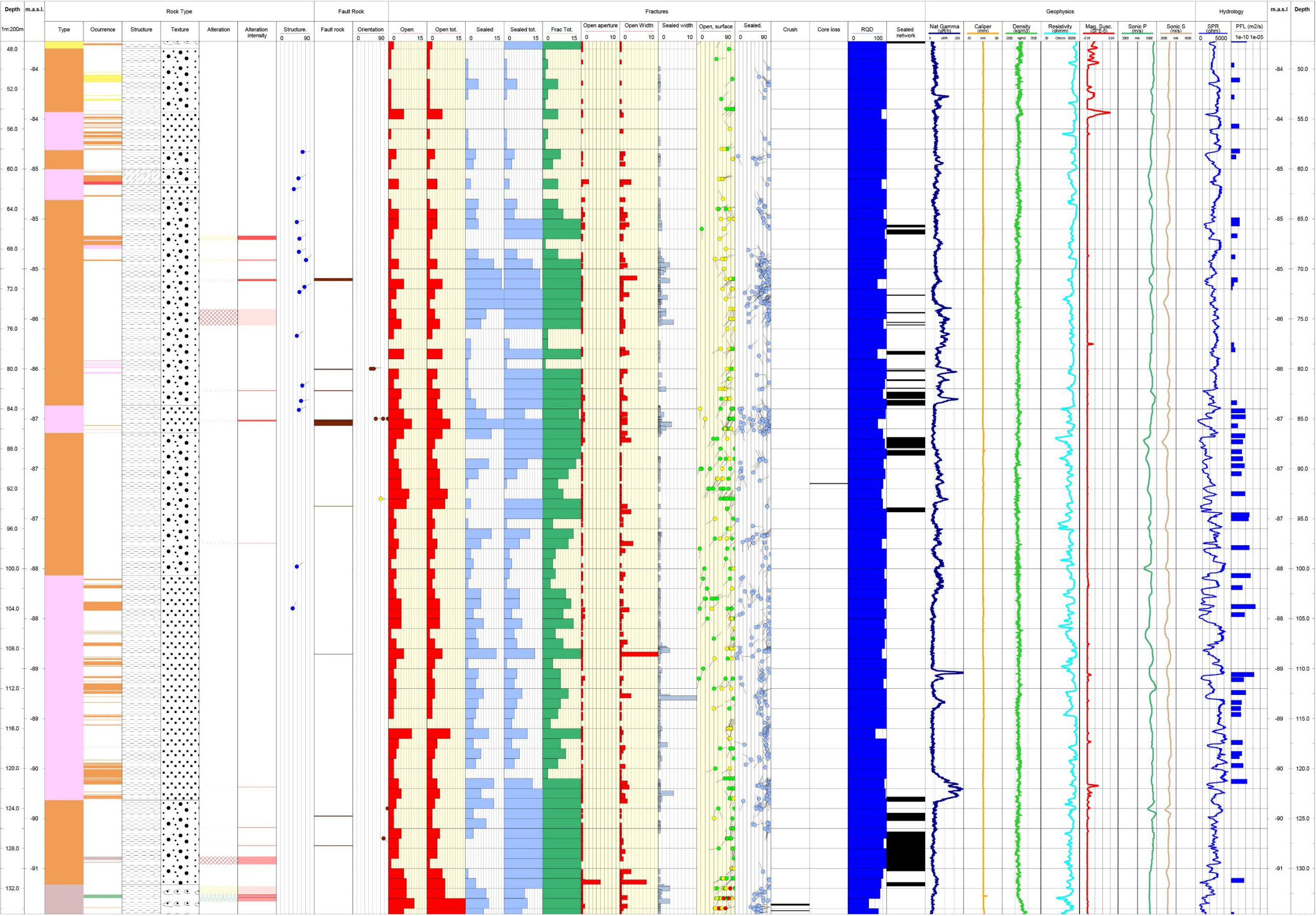


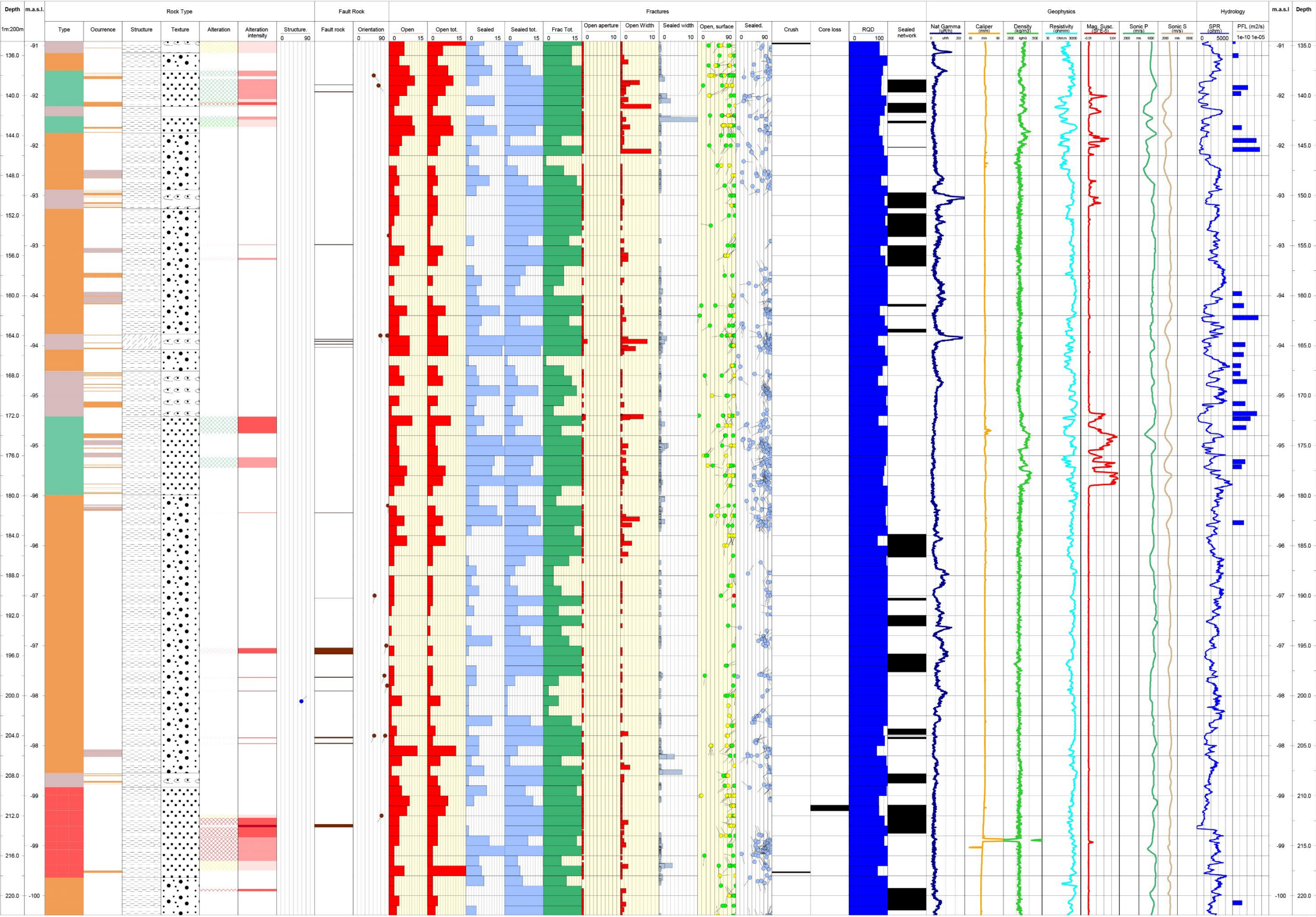
- FAULT ROCK
- Breccia
 - Cataclasite

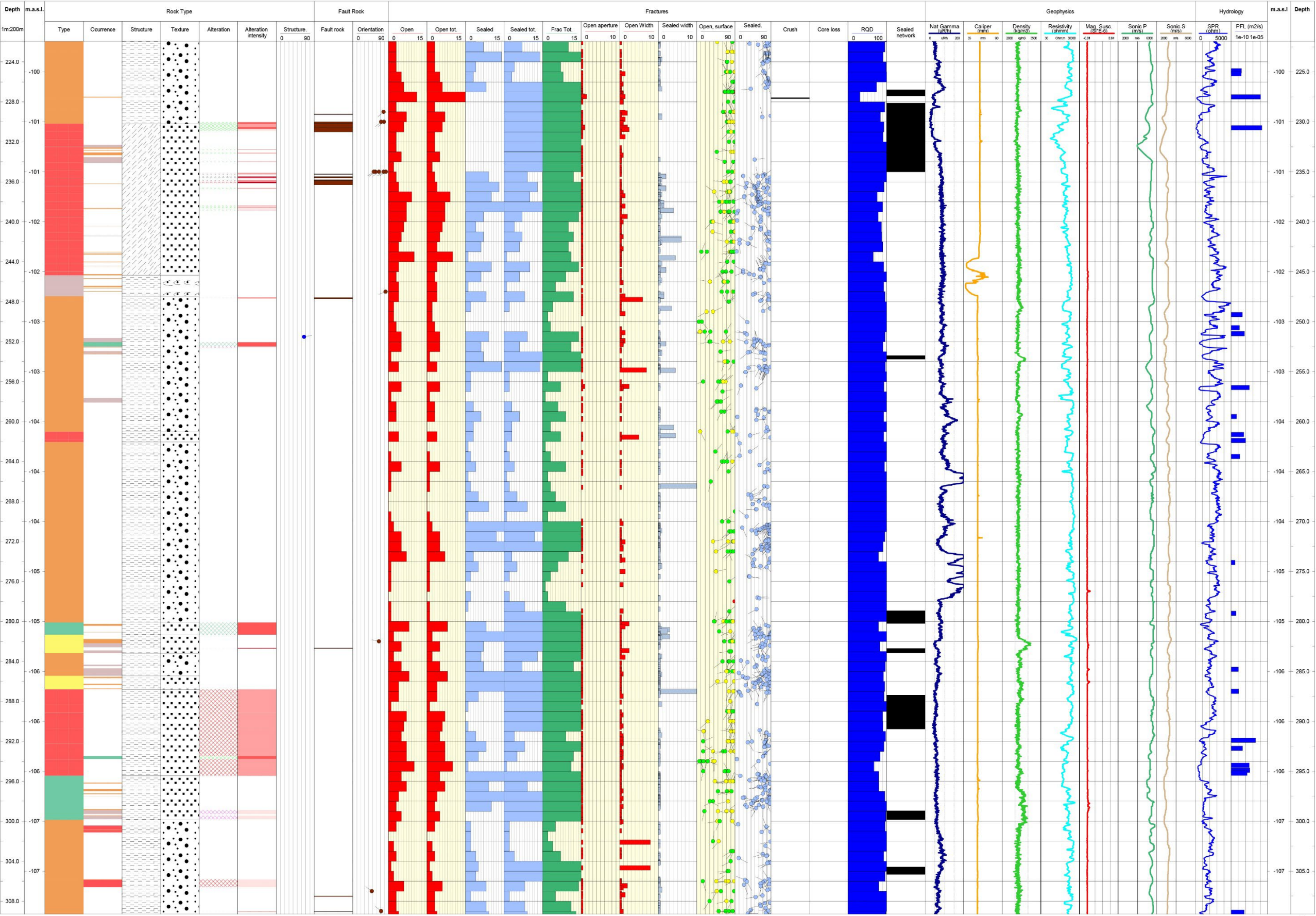
- ROCK TEXTURE
- Equigranular
 - Non-Equigranular
 - Metamorphic

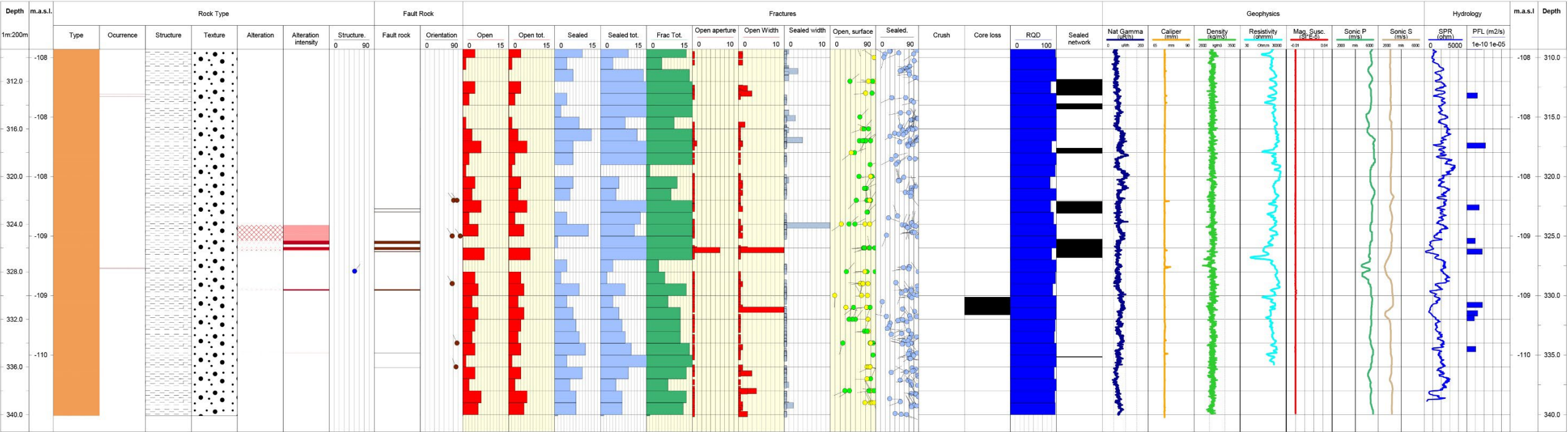
- FAULT ROCK ORIENTATION
- Cataclasite
 - Breccia











Appendix 3

Borehole ID: KFR90

Diameter (mm): 76

Length (m): 450.15

Bearing (°): 114

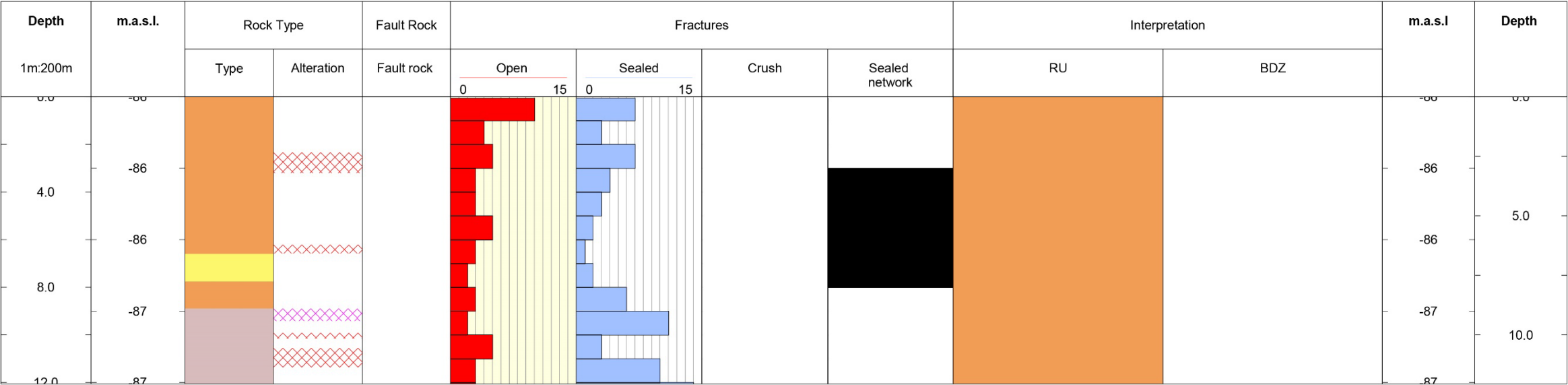
Inclination (°): -4

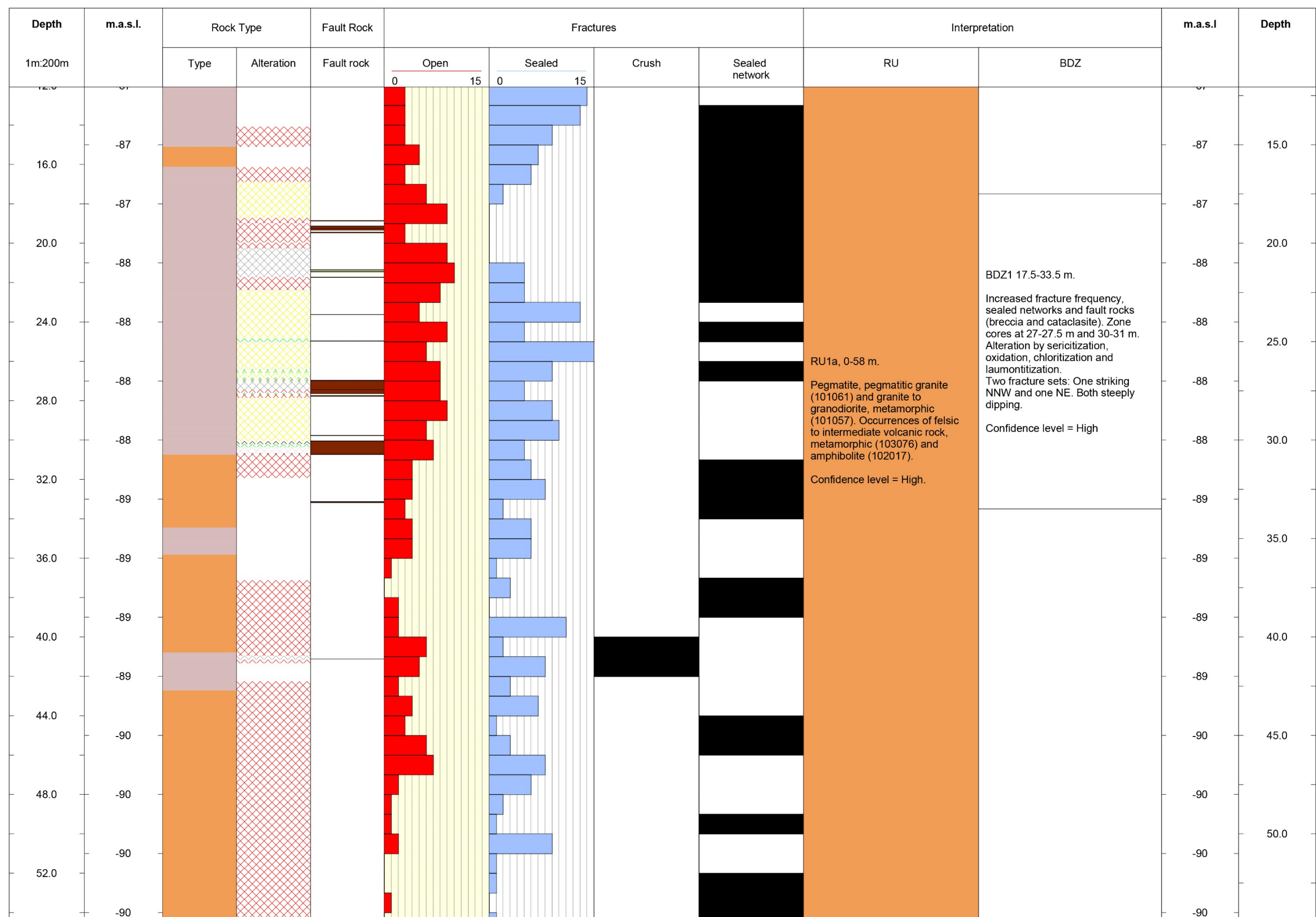
ROCK TYPE

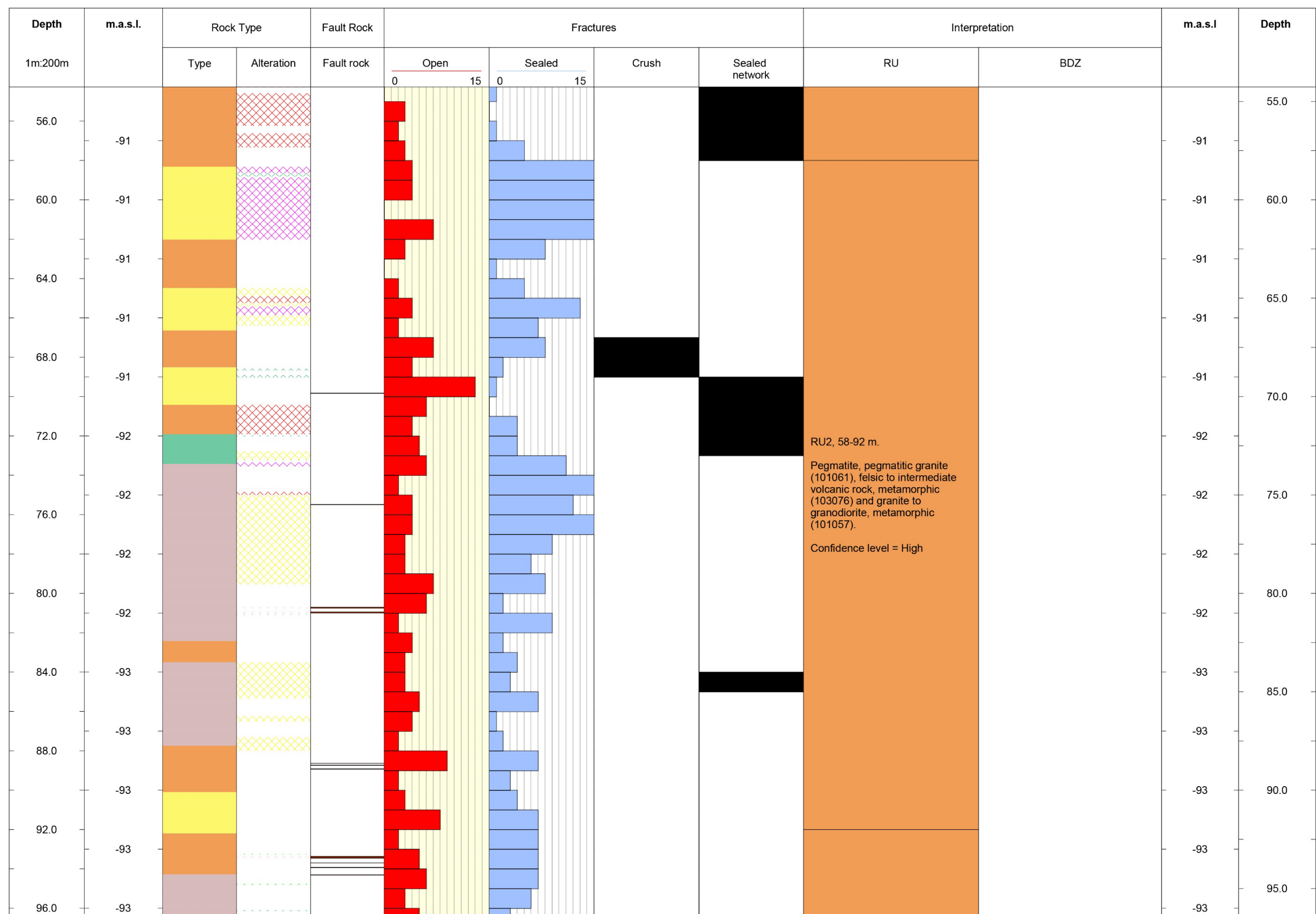
- Amfibolite
- Pegmatite, pegmatitic granite
- Granite, granodiorite and tonalite, metamorphic
- Granite to granodiorite, metamorphic
- Felsic to intermediate volcanic rock, metamorphic
- Granite, fine- to medium-grained

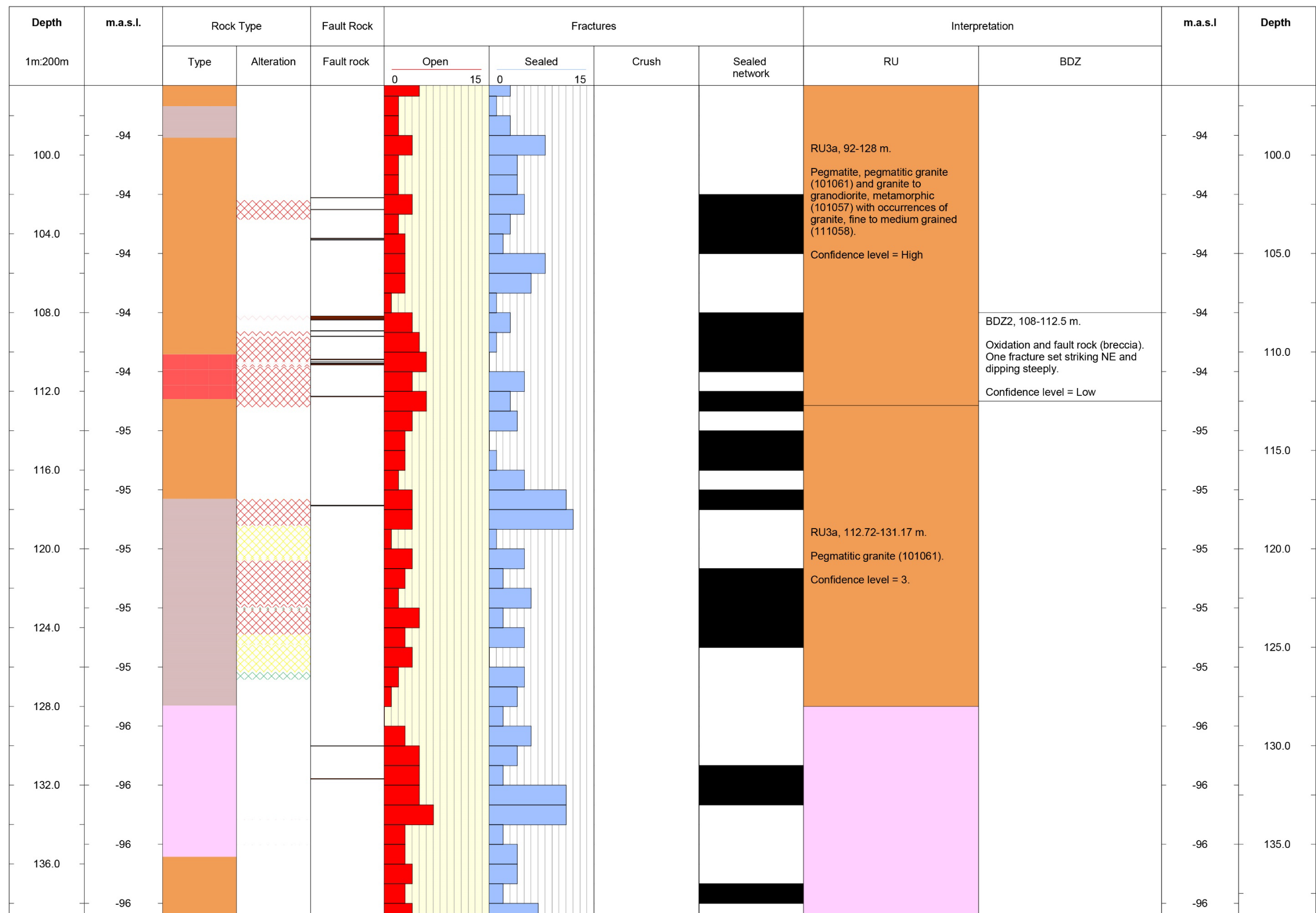
ROCK ALTERATION

- Carbonatization
- Argillization
- Lamontization
- Chloritization
- Oxidation
- Sericitization
- Albitization
- Steatitization

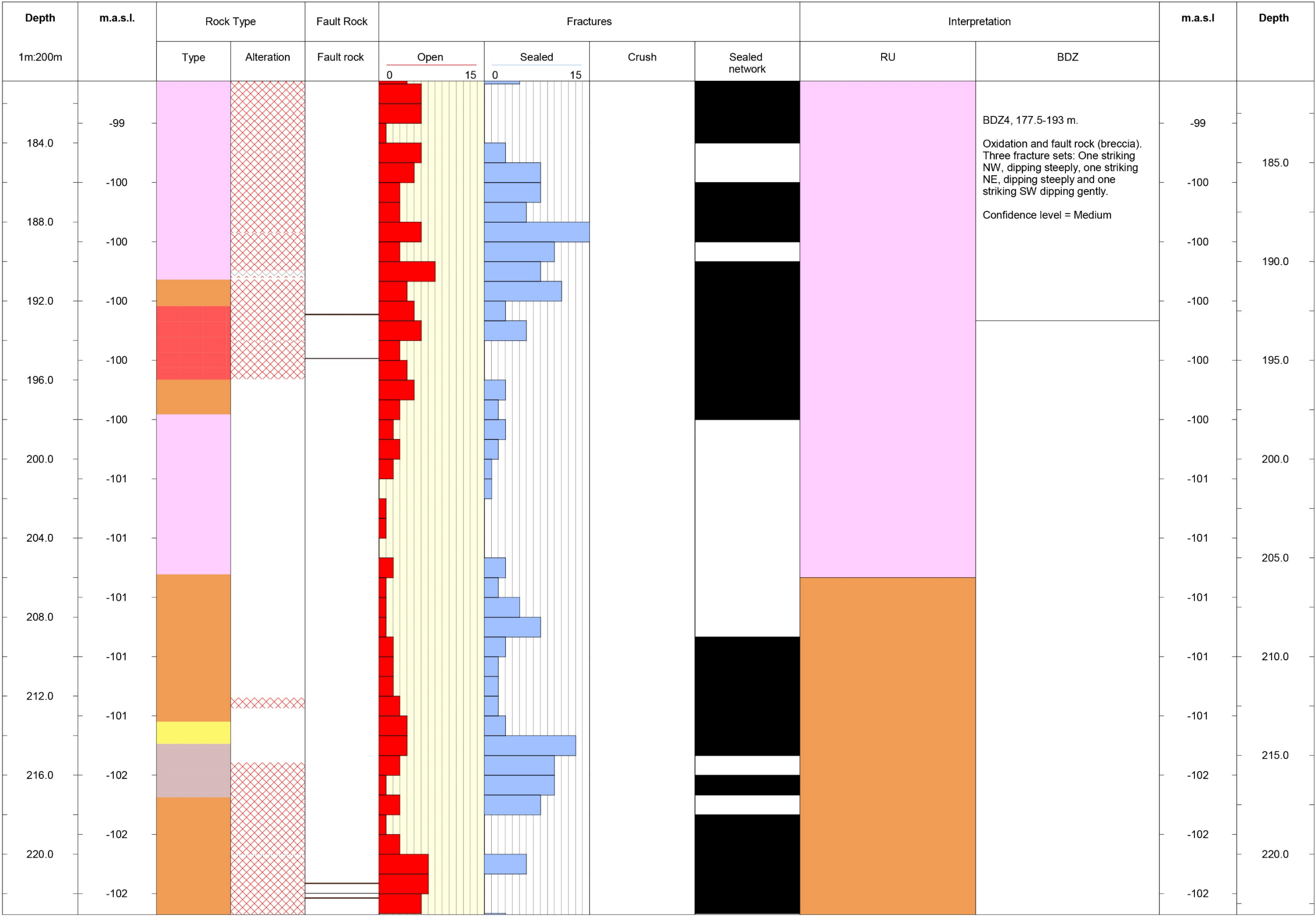


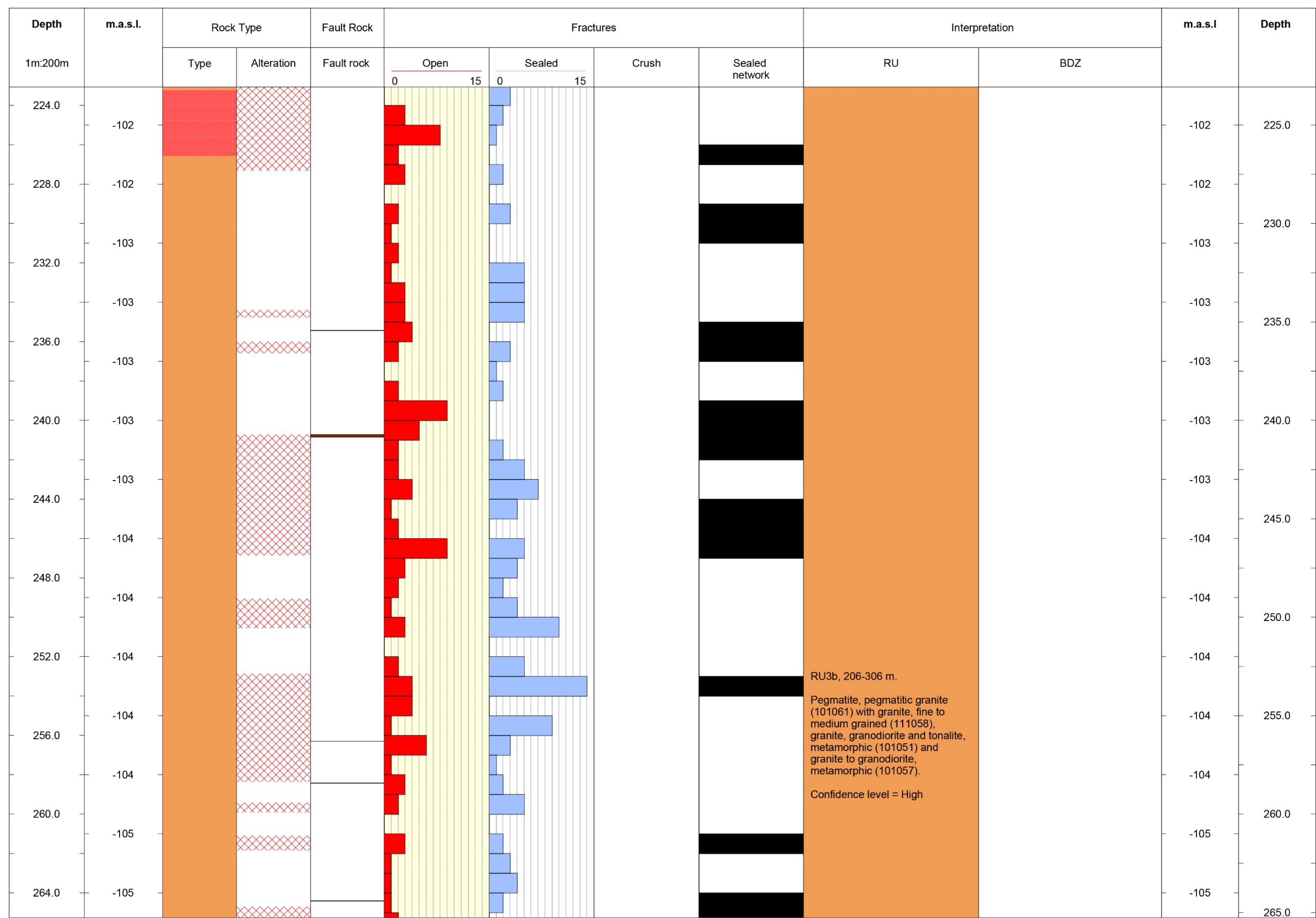




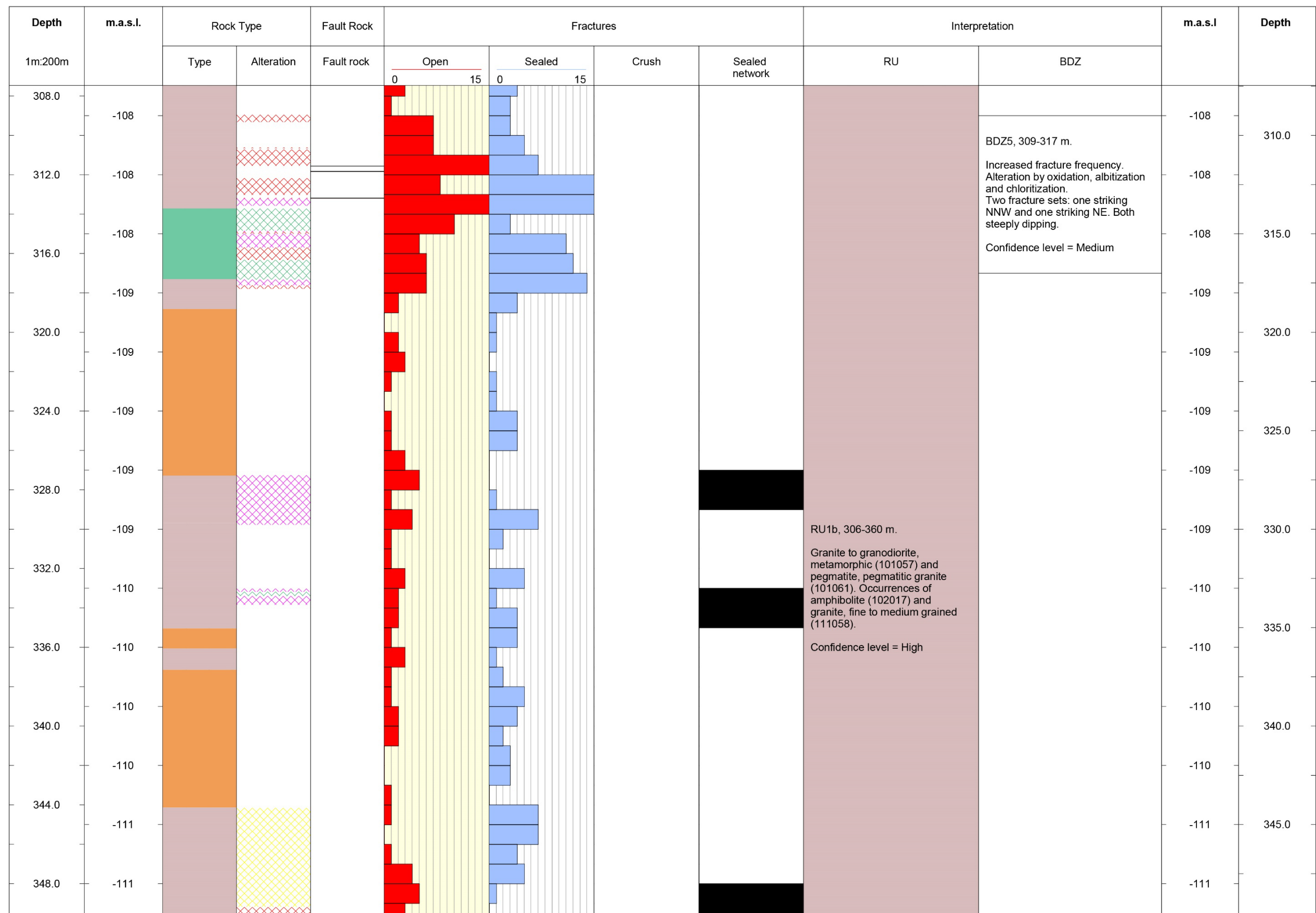


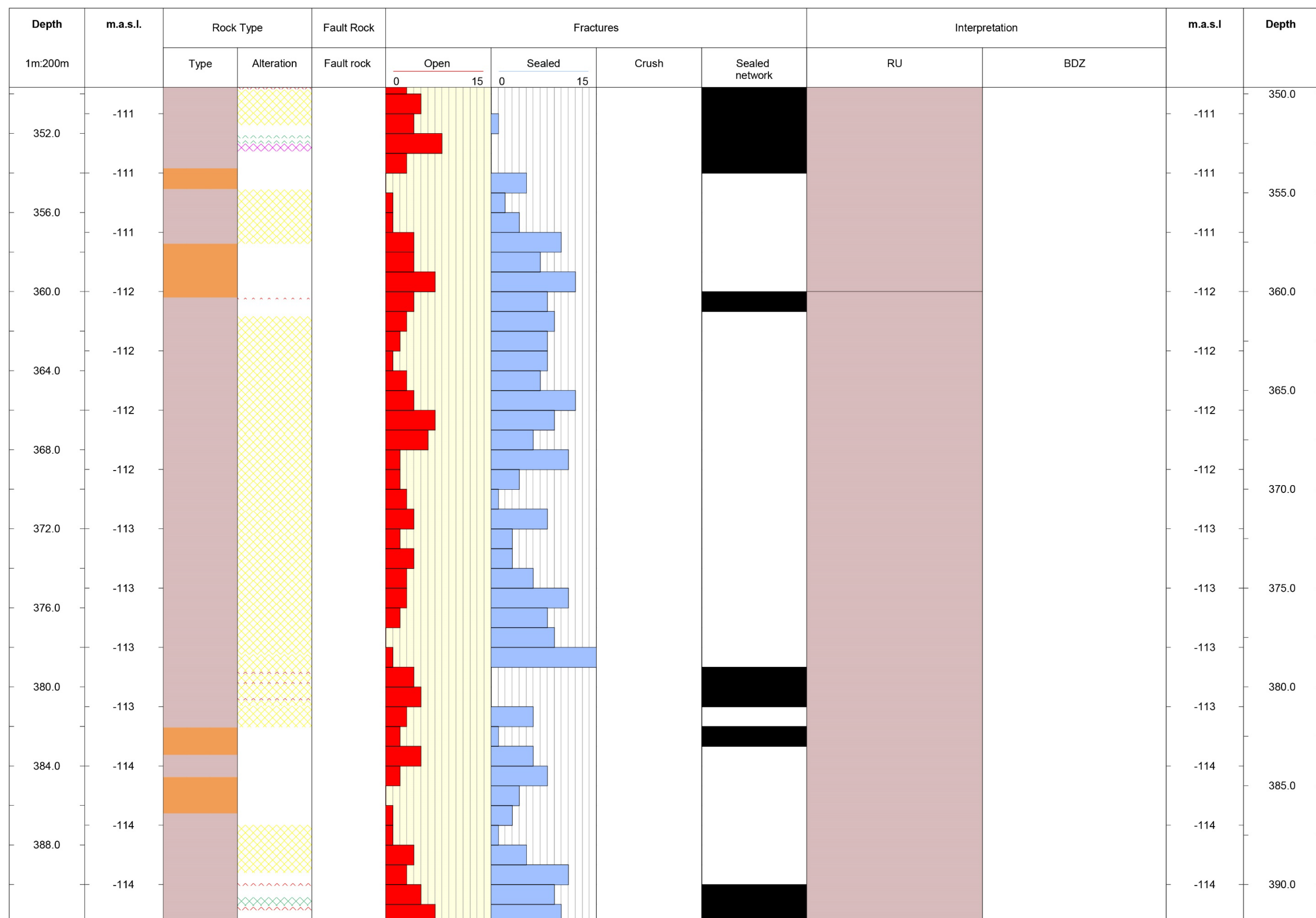


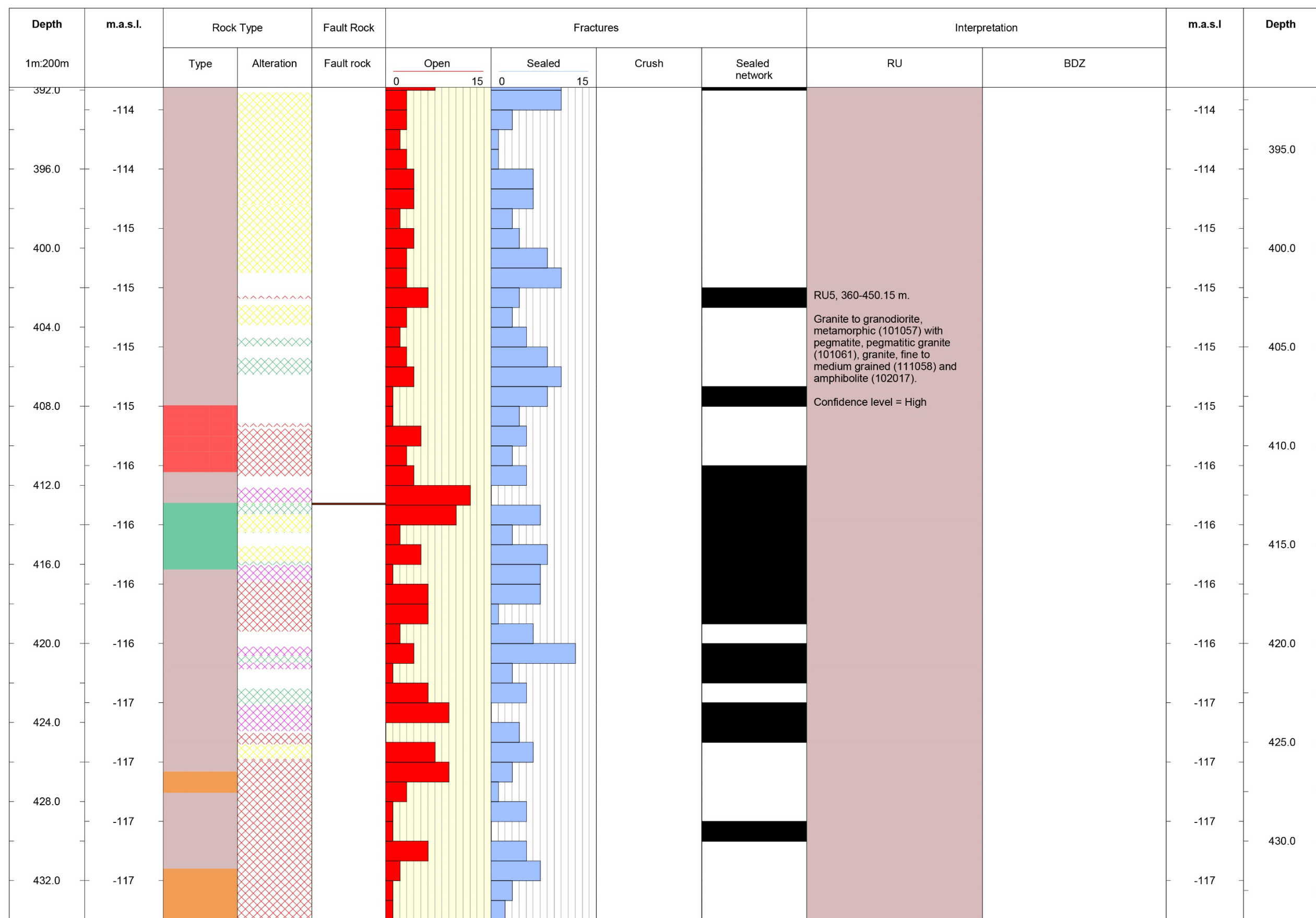


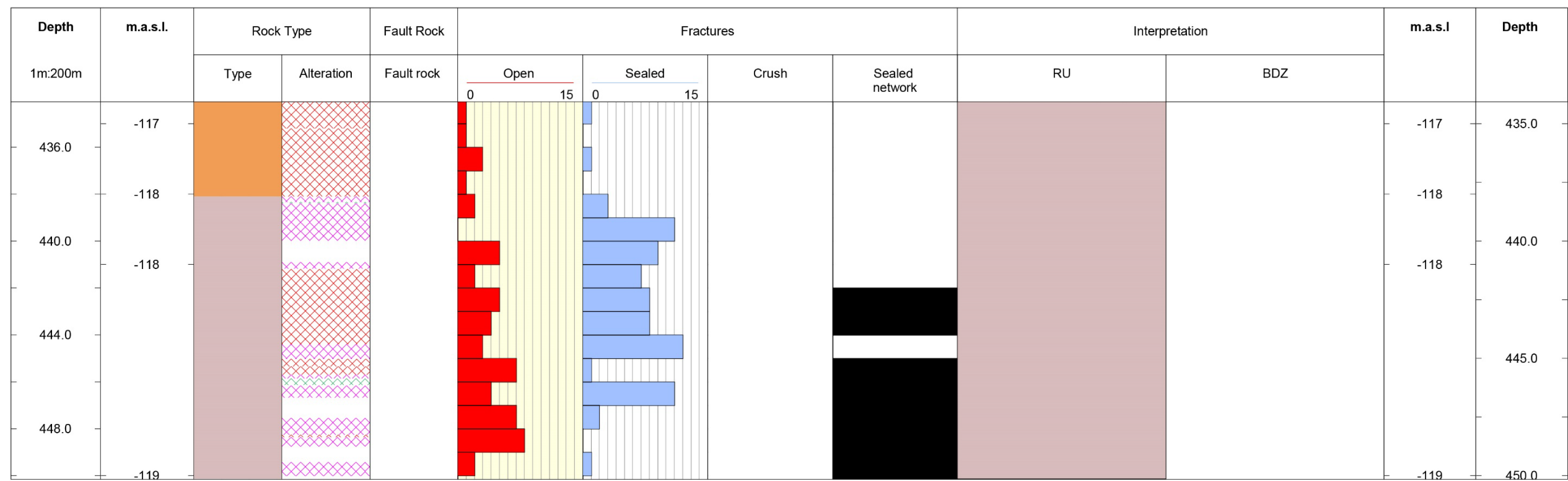












Appendix 4

Borehole ID: KFR91

Diameter (mm): 76

Length (m): 340.11

Bearing (°): 133

Inclination (°): -5

ROCK TYPE

- Amfibolite
- Pegmatite, pegmatitic granite
- Granite, granodiorite and tonalite, metamorphic
- Granite to granodiorite, metamorphic
- Felsic to intermediate volcanic rock, metamorphic
- Granite, fine- to medium-grained

ROCK ALTERATION

- Carbonatization
- Argillization
- Lamontization
- Chloritization
- Oxidation
- Sericitization
- Albitization
- Steatitization

